## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

### FORM 8-K

#### CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): January 13, 2020

### Aclaris Therapeutics, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

<u>Delaware</u> (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 001-37581 (Commission File Number) 46-0571712

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

640 Lee Road, Suite 200 Wayne, PA 19087

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(484) 324-7933

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

[] Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

[] Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

[] Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

[] Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class:	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of Each Exchange on which Registered
Common Stock, \$0.00001 par value	ACRS	The Nasdaq Stock Market, LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company 🛛

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

#### Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

On January 13, 2020, Aclaris Therapeutics, Inc. (the "*Company*") updated its company overview presentation, a copy of which is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K.

In accordance with General Instruction B.2. of Form 8-K, the information in this Item 7.01 and Exhibit 99.1 hereto, shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "*Exchange Act*"), or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any of the Company's filings under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any incorporation language in such a filing, except as expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing.

#### Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

#### (d) Exhibits

 
 Exhibit Number
 Exhibit Description

 99.1
 Company Presentation.

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

### ACLARIS THERAPEUTICS, INC.

Date: January 13, 2020

By: /s/ Frank Ruffo Frank Ruffo Chief Financial Officer EMPOWERING PATIENTS THROUGH

# **Company Overview**

January 2020





## Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Any statements contained in this presentation that do not describe historical facts may constitute forward-looking statements as that term is defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements may be identified by words such as "believe," "expect," "may," "plan," "potential," "will," and similar expressions, and are based on Aclaris' current beliefs and expectations. These forward-looking statements include expectations regarding Aclaris' development of its drug candidates, including the timing for initiation and completion of clinical trials, the availability of data from these trials and the timing of its regulatory submissions related to these trials. These statements involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those reflected in such statements. Risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially include uncertainties inherent in the conduct of clinical trials, Aclaris' reliance on third parties over which it may not always have full control, and other risks and uncertainties that are described in the Risk Factors section of Aclaris' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2019, and other filings Aclaris makes with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time. These documents are available under the "SEC filings" section of the Investors page of Aclaris' website at http://www.aclaristx.com. Any forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this presentation and are based on information available to Aclaris as of the date of this presentation, and Aclaris assumes no obligation to, and does not intend to, update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise

This presentation also contains estimates and other statistical data made by independent parties and by us relating to market size and other data about our industry. This data involves a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to such estimates. In addition, projections, assumptions and estimates of our future performance and the future performance of the markets in which we operate are necessarily subject to a high degree of uncertainty and risk.



# **Strategy:** *Development stage biotechnology company focused on immuno-inflammatory diseases*

#### KINect<sup>™</sup> PLATFORM **INNOVATIVE PIPELINE** LEADERSHIP ATI-450 Versatile platform with Physician/Scientist founded Oral anti-TNF, anti-IL1, antimultiple approaches for and led IL6 difficult to drug kinases in Kinome experts - combined Novel target for the potential precedented pathways 300+ years of R&D treatment of various Fully integrated discovery experience immunology inflammatory indications and development team and inflammation ATI-1777-Topical Soft-JAK1/3i Dedicated to the design of World class ex-Pfizer Innovative treatment limiting innovative, kinase kinase and ex-GSK systemic exposure for the targeted medicines for immunology R&D potential treatment of immuno-inflammatory leadership moderate-to-severe atopic diseases dermatitis (AD) Positioning small ATI-2138 - ITK/TXK/JAK3i molecule drug candidates Dual inhibitor of T-cell and to parallel or exceed cytokine receptor for the efficacy of high value potential treatment of autobiologics immune diseases aclaris



## R&D Leadership Team Experienced team with deep scientific and operational experience

### David Gordon Chief Medical Officer

Former SVP, R&D at GSK. Led discovery and development teams in Immuno-Inflammation and Dermatology leading to multiple successful NDAs, including NUCALA® & BENLYSTA®

#### Joseph Monahan, PhD Exec. VP R&D (Head of Discovery)

Former Executive Director, Pfizer Inflammation Research and Leader of Global Kinase Technology Team

>95 publications and patents (>30 total on kinases)

## Walter Smith SVP, R&D

Former VP Research & Global Head, Pfizer Inflammation, co-leader of Pfizer Licensing Team

Delivered 8 clinical candidates, 6 INDs and 1 NDA in inflammation and cancer

## Jon Jacobsen, PhD VP, Chemistry

Former Research Fellow and Director, Pfizer Chemistry >100 publications and patents (15 total on kinases) Project Lead for PFE JAK Program

### Paul Changelian, PhD VP, Biology

Immunologist/drug discovery leader at pharma (Pfizer & biotech)

Validated JAK 1/3 as target for transplant/RA/psoriasis, leading to approval of XELJANZ®

### David R Anderson, PhD Sr. Director, Discovery, Early Development

Former research project leader at Pfizer. Director of Chemistry at Mnemosyne, Luc, Cadent.

Inventor of 6 clinical candidates and author of 40 peer reviewed publications and patents

### Gary DeCrescenzo SVP, Pharm R&D

Former Exec. Director, Pfizer. Site Head for Medicinal & Structural Chemistry. >100 patents. Co-inventor of multiple drug candidates

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# Pipeline

Program	Indication(s)	Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3
ATI-450 MK2 Inhibitor Oral	Rheumatoid Arthritis + Additional Immuno- inflammatory Indication			•	
ATI-1777 JAK1/JAK3 Inhibitor Soft Topical	Atopic Dermatitis (moderate-to-severe)				
ATI-2138 ITK/TXK/JAK3 Inhibitor Oral	Psoriasis, Inflammatory Bowel Disease				
JAK1/JAK3 Inhibitor Oral, gut-restricted	Inflammatory Bowel Disease				
ITK/JAK3 Inhibitor Oral, gut-restricted	Inflammatory Bowel Disease				
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## The Kinase Opportunity and Challenge Creating New Medicines Targeting Previously Inaccessible Kinome Targets

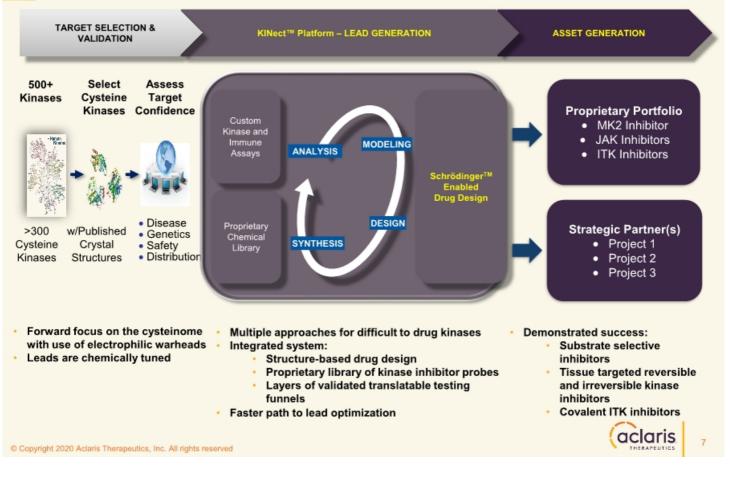
## Medically Important and Productive Target Class

™Human Bosulif OFEV IBRANCE Kinome imbruvica IRESSA Scienc 2003 Inlyta ZELBORAF ICLUSIG COMETRIQ. gleevec @ Tarceva  $\bigcirc$ **ICLUSIG** Votrient Tykerb atinib) 2000 Zydelig SPRYCEL Jakafi 🛇 XALKOR Caprelsa Mekinist Stivarga SUTENT S ZYKADIA Nexavar ~36 Marketed Drugs 518 Members ~\$48B\* >90% of the Human Kinome Annual Sales of Kinase Drugs remains undrugged These drugs target less then 5% of the kinome \* Bologa C, et al. Unexplored opportunities in the druggable human genome. Nat Rev Drug Discov. 2018. aclaris \*\* All trademarks are the property of their respective owners. © Copyright 2020 Aclaris Therap autics, Inc. All rights reserved

Most Members of the Kinome Remain Unexplored

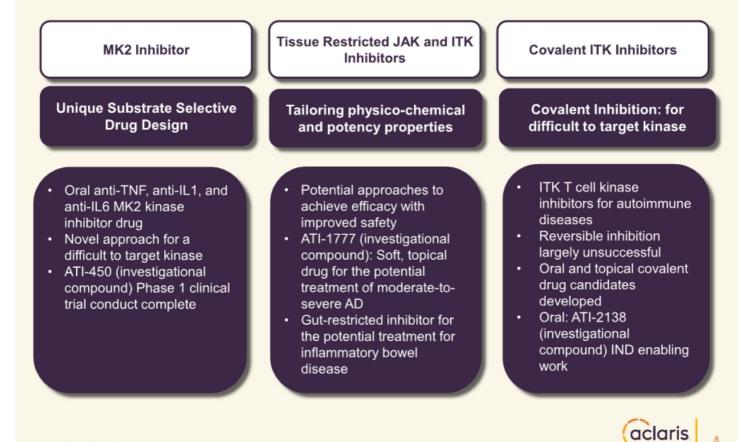


## KINect<sup>™</sup> Platform Developing Kinase Drug Candidates Rapidly & Efficiently





## KINect<sup>™</sup> Platform Demonstrated Success *Reversible and Covalent*





# Market Overview of Select Inflammatory Indications

	RA	Psoriasis	Ulcerative Colitis	Crohn's	Atopic Dermatitis
	(moderate - severe)	(moderate - severe)	(moderate - severe)	(moderate - severe)	(moderate - severe)
2018E WW Sales <sup>1</sup>	~25B	~15B	~\$5B	~\$11B	~\$1B
Estimated Peak Market (WW) <sup>2</sup>	~\$25-30B	~\$20-25B	~\$8-12B	~\$15B	~\$8-12B
Prevalent US Moderate/Severe Population <sup>3</sup>	~1,000K+	~1,000-1,300K	~400-500K	~350-450K	~300-700K
Approved Agents (per target)	TNF-alpha: 5	TNF-alpha: 3	TNF-alpha: 2	TNF-alpha: 3	IL-4R: 1
	CD20: 1	IL-12 / IL-23: 2	Integrin α4β7: 1	IL-12 / IL-23: 1	
	JAK: 2	IL-17A: 2	JAK: 1	Integrin α4β7: 1	
	Integrin α4β7: 1	PDE4: 1			
	Other: 3				
Agents in Clinic (per target)	BTK: 9	IL-23: 2	JAK/STAT: 4	JAK/STAT: 5	JAK/STAT: 4
	JAK/STAT: 5	IL-17 / IL17R: 4	IL-23: 4	IL-23: 5	IL-33: 2
	IL-6: 3	JAK/STAT: 2	S1P-R: 2	S1P Receptor: 3	IL-13: 2
	TNF-alpha: 1	Others: 7	Integrins: 2	Integrin α4β7: 1	IL-31: 2
	T-cell Receptor: 1		Others: 12	Others: 12	OX40: 2
	Others: 41				Others: 8
Opportunity for New Treatments	Orals, Improved risk/benefit, novel mechanism	Oral, novel mechanism, improved safety	Gut-restricted (improved safety)	Gut-restricted (Improved safety)	Improved risk/benefit, topical ir moderate to severe

 \* Auster M, et al. Something Big Is Getting Bigger [research note]. New York, NY: Credit Suisse Equity Research; 2019.
 1 Estimates of total sales per indication from EvaluatePharma.
 2 CS projections: based on US branded pricing.
 3 Assumed peak treatable population with biologics/novel agents in the US: RA 350-400k / Psoriasis 300-350k / Ulcerative Colitis 225-275k / Crohn's 22 275k / Atopic Dermatitis 150-200k.



# ATI-450: MK2 Inhibitor (Investigational Drug Candidate)





- MK2\* is an attractive drug target because it drives pro-inflammatory cytokine expression
- The effects of inhibiting MK2 mirror the effects of anti-inflammatory biologics<sup>1</sup>
  - anti-TNF: HUMIRA<sup>®</sup> (adalimumab), ENBREL<sup>®</sup> (etanercept), REMICADE<sup>®</sup> (infliximab)
  - anti-IL1: KINERET<sup>®</sup> (anakinra), ILARIS<sup>®</sup> (canakinumab), ARCALYST<sup>®</sup> (rilonacept)
  - anti-IL6: KEVZARA® (sarilumab), ACTEMRA® (tocilizumab)
  - ATI-450 inhibits MK2 via a novel MOA which involves binding to a drug "pocket" created in the p38α/MK2 complex<sup>2</sup>

MK2 = Mitogen-activated protein kinase-activated protein kinase 2
 All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.
 1 Data on file.
 2 Wang C, et al. J Exp Med. 2018;215(5):1315-1325.
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# MK2-driven Cytokines are Central to Many Diseases

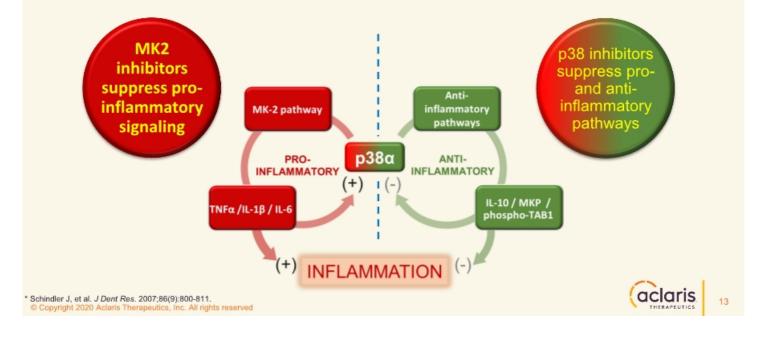




## Evolution in Understanding of a Well-Known Path The Path From p38a to MK2

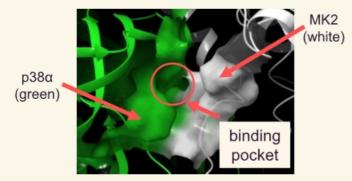
p38α was the original therapeutic target for suppressing TNFα and other pro-inflammatory cytokines

- However, first generation p38α inhibitors were not selective resulting in multiple safety issues including liver, kidney, GI, and skin toxicity.
- Second generation p38α inhibitors demonstrated a lack of sustained activity in certain diseases such as RA and IBD and could not completely overcome toxicity.
- MK2 inhibitors became recognized as a more selective and targeted approach to this path.

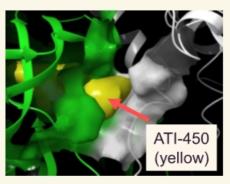




# Capturing MK2 in an Inactive State



Crystal structure of the  $p38\alpha/MK2$  complex



ATI-450 (yellow) docked in the pocket

- In the nucleus, inactive MK2 and p38α dock in a high affinity complex that exhibits a binding pocket formed by juxtaposed walls of both proteins
- Aclaris MK2 inhibitors bind to both walls of the pocket, stabilizing the complex and preventing MK2 activation

Aclaris MK2 inhibitors lock MK2 in a catalytically inactive state – a unique MOA

\* Wang C, et al. J Exp Med. 2018;215(5):1315-1325. © Copyright 2020 Aclaris Therapeutics, Inc. All rights reserve





# ATI-450 selectivity

Human Kinome Selectivity <sup>1</sup>	MK2 Pathway	Selectivity
$\begin{array}{c} 1000\\ 1000\\ 100\\ 100\\ 100\\ 100\\ 100\\ 1$	ATI-450 is highly s p38/MK2 complex substra	vs. other p38
167 165 163 161 169 169	Assay	Fold Selective
157 40 41 155 41	p38α/MK2	1
151 154 149 147	p38α/ATF2	700
145 143 141	p38α/PRAK	750
139 137 135 0 0 136 0 0 136 0 0 136 0 0 136 0 0 136 0 136 0 136 0 136 0 136 0 136 0 136 136 136 136 136 136 136 136 136 136		
133 131 129 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175	ATI-450 binds to the p with higher affinity th MK2 alo	nan either p38 or
133 131 129 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175	with higher affinity th	nan either p38 or
133 131 131	with higher affinity th MK2 alo	nan either p38 or ne**
<ul> <li>ATI-450 (5µM) was tested vs 193 kinases</li> <li>&gt;350-fold binding selectivity on all kinases</li> </ul>	with higher affinity th MK2 alo Assay	nan either p38 or ne**
<ul> <li>ATI-450 (5μM) was tested vs 193 kinases</li> </ul>	with higher affinity th MK2 alo Assay p38α/MK2	nan either p38 or ne** Fold Selective

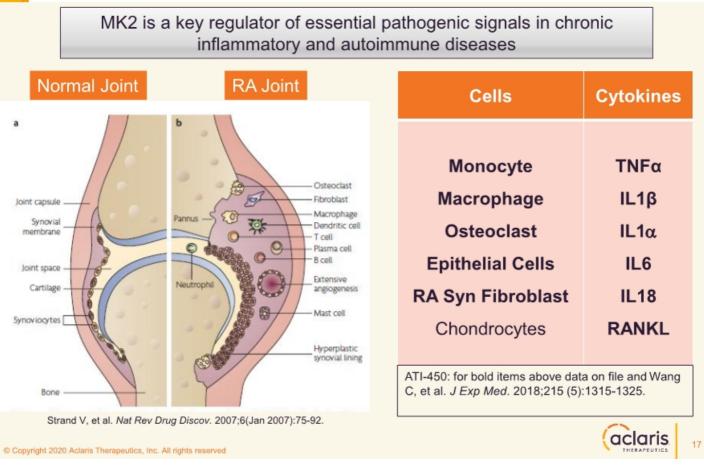


# Animal Models Supporting the Development of ATI-450 in Immuno-Inflammatory Diseases

Therapeutic Area	Animal Model	Reference
Rheumatoid Arthritis / Psoriatic Arthritis	<ul> <li>Rat streptococcal cell wall arthritis model</li> <li>Protection against bone deterioration</li> <li>Protection against lethality</li> <li>Inhibition of cellular IL1β mRNA stability &amp; translation</li> </ul>	Wang C, et al. <i>J Exp Med.</i> 2018;215(5):1315-1325.
Inflammatory Bowel Disease	<ul> <li>Adoptive transfer mouse model of colitis</li> <li>Endoscopy scores show disease control</li> <li>Decreased inflammatory infiltrate</li> <li>Protected structural integrity of mucosa</li> </ul>	Strasser S, et al. <i>Integrative Biology</i> . 2019;11(7):301-314.
Cryopyrin- Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS)	Murine NOMID (severe form of CAPS) transgenic model Human CAPS PBMC* IL1β modulation	Wang C, et al. <i>J Exp Med.</i> 2018;215(5):1315-1325.
* PBMC = Peripheral k © Copyright 2020 Aclaris Therapeutics, Inc. Al	blood mononuclear cells	THERAPEUTICS 16

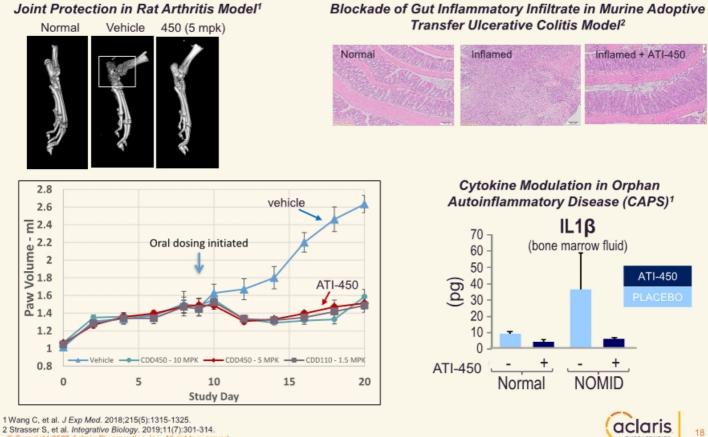


# ATI-450 Blocks MK2 – Potential Effect in Rheumatoid Arthritis





## In vivo Preclinical Data of MK2 Pathway Inhibitor ATI-450

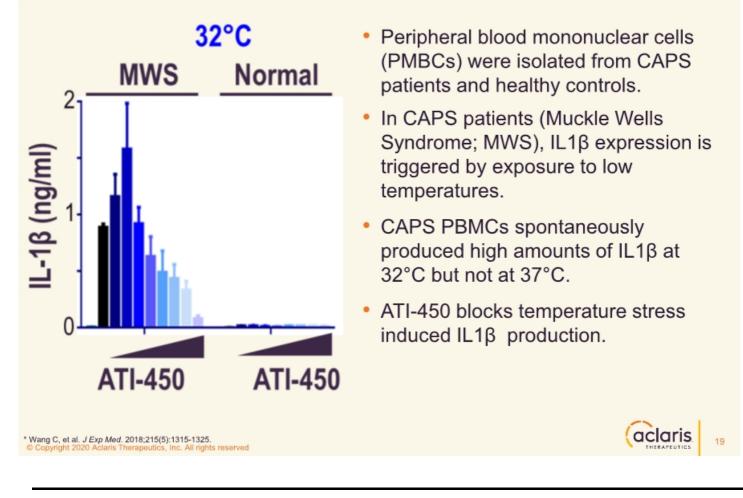


2 Strasser S, et al. Integrative Biology. 2019;11(7):301-314. © Copyright 2020 Aclaris Therapeutics, Inc. All rights reset

Joint Protection in Rat Arthritis Model<sup>1</sup>

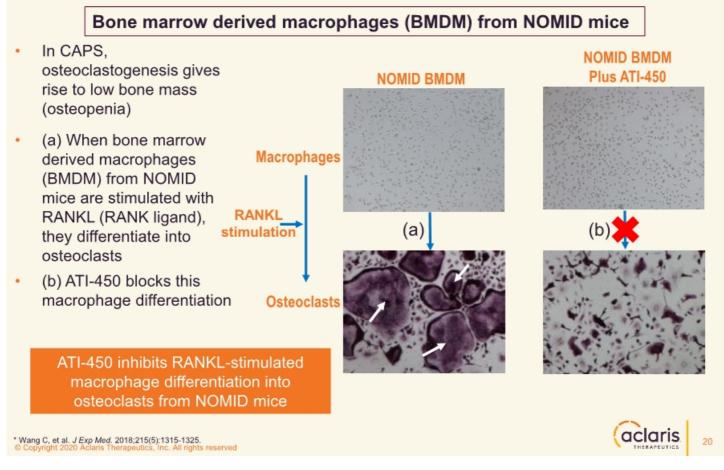


# *Ex vivo* Preclinical Data: ATI-450 Inhibits IL1β Expression in PBMCs from a CAPS Patient





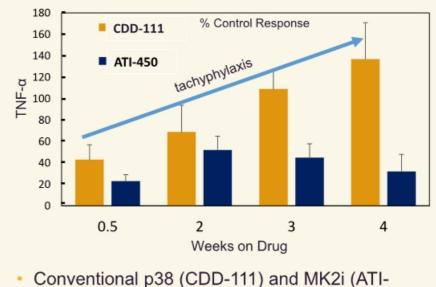
# Mouse Model: ATI-450 Inhibits RANKL-induced Osteoclastogenesis





## Mouse Model: LPS-Induced TNFα Production ATI-450 demonstrated durable response (no tachyphylaxis)

- Global p38 inhibitor CDD-111 lost inhibition over time
- MK2 inhibitor ATI-450 (investigational compound) demonstrated durable response (no tachyphylaxis)



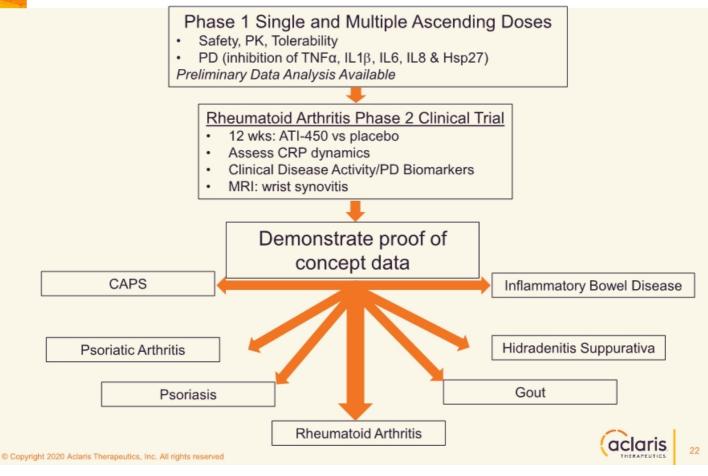
- Conventional p38 (CDD-111) and MK2i (ATI-450) administered to mice in feed starting day 1 and continuing through day 28
- At the time point indicated, mice were LPS challenged and blood TNFα levels determined

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\* Wang C, et al. J Exp Med. 2018;215(5):1315-1325.
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## ATI-450 Clinical Development





 First-in-human, randomized, observer-blind, placebocontrolled trial

Single Ascending Doses and Multiple Ascending Doses (SAD/MAD)

- Objectives:
  - Primary
    - To assess the safety, tolerability, and pharmacokinetics (PK) profile of ATI-450, an investigational oral MK2\* inhibitor compound
  - ✓ Secondary
    - To assess the effect of food on the PK of ATI-450
    - To explore the pharmacodynamics (PD) of ATI-450
    - To evaluate the potential for an interaction with methotrexate

\* MK2 = Mitogen-activated protein kinase-activated protein kinase 2 © Copyright 2020 Aclaris Therapeutics, Inc. All rights reserved





## ATI-450-PKPD-101 Trial Design and Demographics

Three Part Study:

- ✓ Part A: single ascending dose (SAD) plus food effect (n=32)
  - 4 cohorts: 10mg, 30mg, 50mg, 100mg (100mg repeated with high fat meal)
  - 8 subjects (6 active, 2 placebo). Single dose after overnight fast
- ✓ Part B: multiple ascending dose (MAD) (n=30)
  - 3 cohorts: 10mg, 30mg, 50mg all BID for 7 days
  - 10 subjects (8 active, 2 placebo)
- ✓ Part C: methotrexate (MTX) drug-drug interaction (DDI) (n=15)
  - 1 cohort: MTX day 1 and 8. ATI-450 on days 2-9
  - 15 subjects all dosed with active
- Demographics: (All dose groups, all parts)
  - ✓ Age: Mean 34 years
  - ✓ Gender: 44 female/33 male
  - ✓ Race: White-40, African American-32, Other-5





# Most Common Adverse Events (≥2 subjects in the trial)

SAD/MAD cohorts (blinded)				
Preferred Term	ATI-450 n (%) (n=48)	Placebo n (%) (n=14)		
Dizziness	6 (12.5)	0		
Headache	10 (20.8)	2 (14.3)		
Upper respiratory tract infection	3 (6.3)	1 (7.1)		
Constipation	3 (6.3)	1 (7.1)		
Nausea	2 (4.2)	1 (7.1)		
Abdominal pain	2 (4.2)	0		
Vomiting	0	2 (14.3)		

DDI cohort (unblinded ATI-450 + MTX)

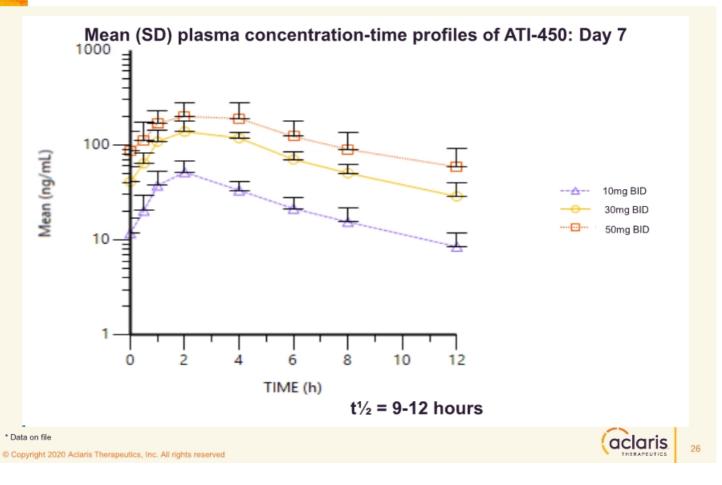
Destance d Tame	ATI-450	
Preferred Term	n (%)	
	(n=15)	
Dizziness	7 (46.7)	
Headache	1 (6.7)	
Upper respiratory tract infection	1 (6.7)	
Constipation	0	
Nausea	0	
Abdominal pain	0	
Vomiting	0	

- No serious adverse events
- No adverse events led to discontinuation of study medication
- All adverse events were mild in severity dizziness and other adverse events caused minimal discomfort, and did not interfere with everyday activities
- A trend of a decrease in absolute neutrophil count was observed
  - No correlation with clinical sequelae

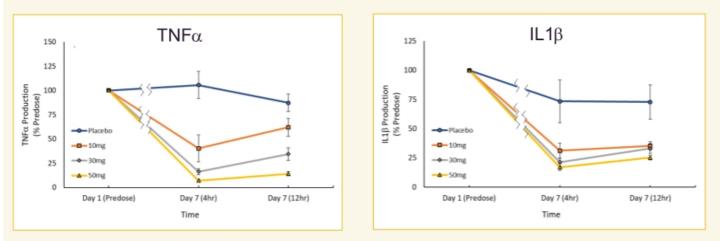
This effect is consistent with the pharmacodynamic profile of certain anti-TNF therapies<sup>1</sup>
 Dillingh M, et al. Front. Immunol. 2016;7(508):1-9.

\* Data on file.









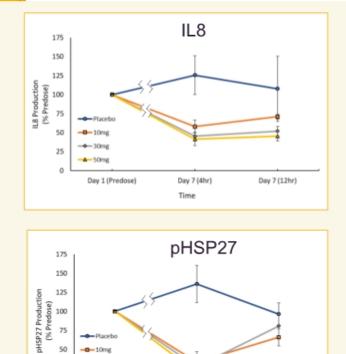
- ATI-450 dosed in subjects orally at doses of 10mg, 30mg and 50mg BID for 7 days
- Day 1 (pre-dose) levels are from blood taken on day 1 just prior to the first dose of ATI-450
- Blood samples drawn on day 7 at 4hr and 12hr post-dose
- · Samples ex vivo stimulated with LPS
- Data expressed as mean +/- SEM

\* Data on file





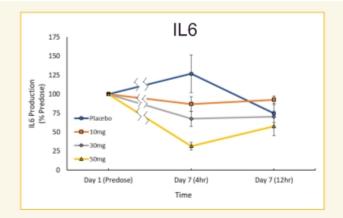
# ATI-450-PKPD-101 ATI-450 PD: Day 7 MAD PD Marker Time Dependence Cytokines IL6 and IL8 and Target Biomarker pHSP27



Day 7 (4hr)

Time

Day 7 (12hr)



- ATI-450 dosed in subjects orally at doses of ٠ 10mg, 30mg and 50mg BID for 7 days
- Day 1 (pre-dose) levels are from blood taken on day 1 just prior to the first dose of ATI-450
- Blood samples drawn on day 7 at 4hr and ٠ 12hr post-dose
- Samples ex vivo stimulated with LPS ٠
- Data expressed as mean +/- SEM •



50

25

0

-10mg

-30mg

6 50mg

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Day 1 (Predose)





ATI-450-PKPD-101 Plasma Levels Greater Than IC80 Throughout Dosing Interval for 4 Key PD Markers at 50mg BID Dose

Analyte	Dose Level (mg BID)	Parameter	Ctrough	Cmax
IL1b	10	Fold IC80	0.3	1.5
IL6	10	Fold IC80	0.0	0.1
IL8	10	Fold IC80	0.3	1.5
pHsp27	10	Fold IC80	0.3	1.4
TNFa	10	Fold IC80	0.2	0.9
IL1b	30	Fold IC80	1.2	4.2
IL6	30	Fold IC80	0.1	0.2
IL8	30	Fold IC80	1.2	4.1
pHsp27	30	Fold IC80	1.1	4.0
TNFa	30	Fold IC80	0.7	2.4
IL1b	50	Fold IC80	2.5	6.4
IL6	50	Fold IC80	0.1	0.3
IL8	50	Fold IC80	2.5	6.2
pHsp27	50	Fold IC80	2.4	6.0
TNFa	50	Fold IC80	1.4	3.6

ATI-450  $C_{\text{trough}}$  and  $C_{\text{max}}$  fold above  $\text{IC}_{\text{80}}$  by dose

ATI-450 dosed at 50mg BID resulted in exposures 1.4-2.5x greater than those needed to inhibit 4 key PD markers (pHSP27, TNF $\alpha$ , IL1 $\beta$  and IL8) at an IC<sub>80</sub>

\* Data on file





Competitive Landscape in Immuno-Inflammatory Diseases Opportunity for an Oral with Profile of ATI-450

## Injectables: Monoclonal antibodies (MAbs)

- MAbs with high degree of specificity against single cytokines approved in immuno-inflammatory diseases:
  - anti-TNF: HUMIRA<sup>®</sup> (adalimumab), ENBREL<sup>®</sup> (etanercept), REMICADE<sup>®</sup> (infliximab)
  - anti-IL1: KINERET<sup>®</sup> (anakinra), ILARIS<sup>®</sup> (canakinumab), ARCALYST<sup>®</sup> (rilonacept)
  - anti-IL6: KEVZARA® (sarilumab), ACTEMRA® (tocilizumab)

# Oral: Small molecule MK2 inhibitor

 ATI-450 showed marked inhibition of TNFα, IL1β, IL8 and IL6 in *ex vivo* stimulated blood samples collected from healthy volunteers in Phase 1\*

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# MK2 inhibitor ATI-450 Summary

- Discovered an approach to drug the target
  - Novel mechanism designed to block inflammation
  - Multiple relevant inflammatory cytokines impacted
  - Lock MK2 in a catalytically inactive state a unique MOA
- Potential oral option for numerous diseases currently treated by biologics
  - Robust efficacy in a range of inflammation and mouse cancer models<sup>1,2</sup>
- Phase 1 trial completed\*
  - Generally well-tolerated at all doses
  - Dose proportional pharmacokinetics and a half-life supporting BID, and potentially QD, dosing
  - $\checkmark$  Inhibits key cytokines and biomarkers in a dose-dependent way
- Proof of concept Phase 2 trial in RA expected to begin first half 2020
   ✓ To demonstrate clear pharmacodynamic effect and no tachyphylaxis
  - ✓ To demonstrate early signs of efficacy in a well understood disease
- Other IL1 inflammatory indications under consideration

\* Data on file 1 Murali B, et al. Cancer Res. 2018;78(19):1-13. 2 Wang C, et al. J Exp Med. 2018;215(5):1315-1325. © Copyright 2020 Actaris Therapeutics, inc. All rights reserver



# ATI-1777 (Topical Soft-JAK Inhibitor) (Investigational Drug Candidate)



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- Atopic dermatitis (AD) is a disease of unknown origin that usually starts in early infancy and is typified by pruritus, eczematous lesions, xerosis (dry skin), and lichenification on the skin (thickening of the skin and increase in skin markings).<sup>1</sup>
  - Large and growing market Projected to be \$8-12 billion at peak (moderate-to-severe AD)<sup>2</sup>
  - Unmet need for effective and safe topical treatment for AD
  - Systemic and topical JAK inhibition has demonstrated promising results in clinical trials for treating pruritus and inflammation in AD<sup>3</sup>
  - In AD, a compromised skin barrier means that a topically dosed JAK inhibitor might result in pharmacologically active systemic drug levels
- Topical soft-JAK inhibitor has potential to achieve efficacy with improved safety
  - Achieve efficacy in skin while minimizing systemic JAK inhibitor toxicity
  - ✓ JAK1/3 selectivity minimizes JAK2 toxicities given compromised skin barrier
- Topical formulations being optimized into a differentiated, patient-friendly emollient formulation (topical spray vs cream/ointment)
- · First in human studies planned for second half 2020 in moderate-to-severe AD



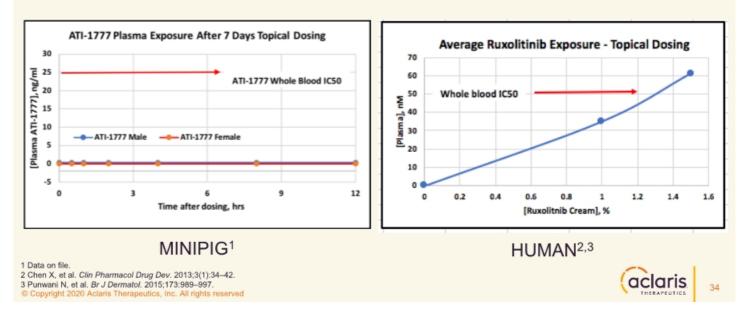
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# Minipig Model: ATI-1777 Nonclinical Safety Program TK Data

Tolerability/Toxicokinetic with 7-day dermal administration (non-GLP)

- No adverse effects noted (10% body surface area, QD)
- Bleeds at 0.5, 1, 2, 4, 8, 12, and 24 hours post-application: Days 1 and 6
- All plasma samples were below limit of quantification (<0.50 ng/mL) well below cellular IC<sub>50</sub>





# Porcine Model: ATI-1777 Blocks IL15 Induced CCL8 mRNA



Apply formulation to back of pig, wait 1 hr



Intra-dermal Injection of porcine IL15, wait 3 hr



Harvest 6 mm biopsy, prepare RNA, measure CCL8 by qPCR

formulation significantly

inhibits IL15 induced gene

1.5% ruxolitinib does not

significantly inhibit IL15

Clinical topical formulation of

1777 development

induction (CCL8).

Single application of 2% ATI-



 Topical Pig PD Assay

 1

 0.75

 0.5

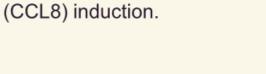
 0.5

 0

 Vehicle

 Ruxolitinb 1.5%







# ATI-1777: Topical Soft-JAK Inhibitor to Target Moderate-to-Severe AD

Formulate a topical atopic dermatitis therapy which meets the medical, aesthetic and compliance needs of patients and physicians

Approach	Status
<ul> <li>Designed to be:</li> <li>"Soft" drug to minimize the potential for systemic immunosuppression</li> <li>JAK1/3 selective to minimize JAK2 inhibition toxicity</li> <li>Delivered in a patient-friendly formulation to clearly differentiate it from other topical therapies</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Plan to study in patients with moderate-to-severe AD</li> <li>IND-enabling preclinical safety program initiated</li> <li>Next key milestone: First In Human - 2H2020</li> </ul>
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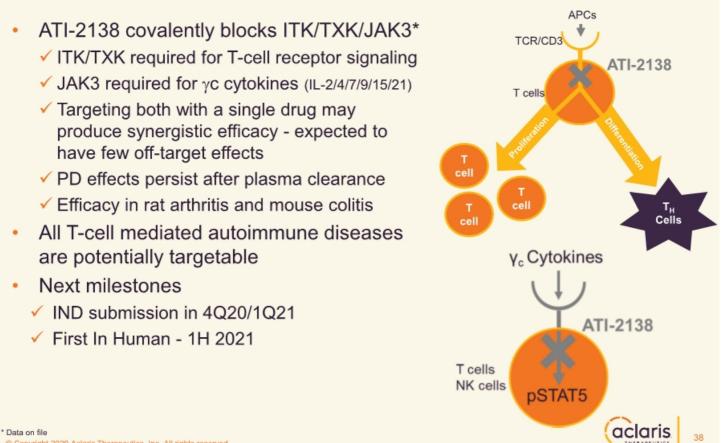
# ATI-2138 (ITK/TXK/JAK3)

(Investigational Drug Candidate)





# ATI-2138: Covalent ITK/TXK/JAK3 Inhibitor





Cellular Inhibition of JAK and ITK/TXK			
Assay Description	ATI-2138 IC₅₀ (nM)	Assay	
ITK/TXK activity	7	Jurkat pPLCy-1	
JAK1/3 activity	20	PBMC pSTAT-5	
BTK activity	52	Ramos pPLCy-2	
Both ITK/TXK and JAK3	13	HWB αCD3/IL15 IFNγ	

## ATI-2138 potently inhibits ITK/TXK and JAK3 in cells and in whole blood

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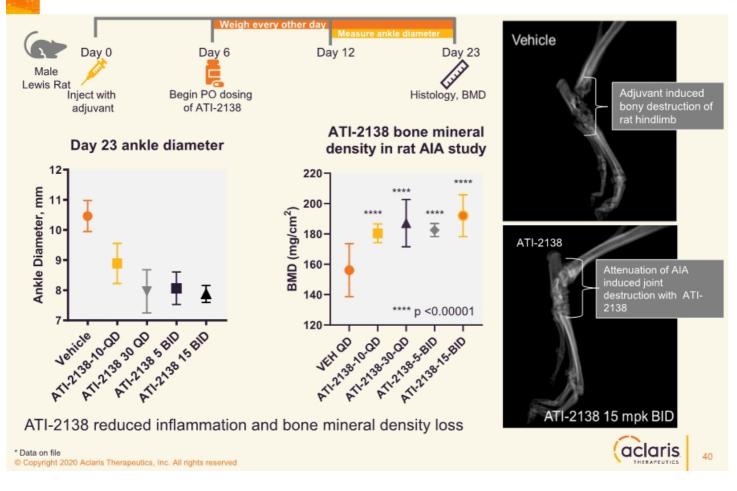
ATI-2138 Covalent bond between ITK<sup>cys</sup> and ATI-2138

Crystal structure definitively shows ATI-2138 covalent binding to ITK

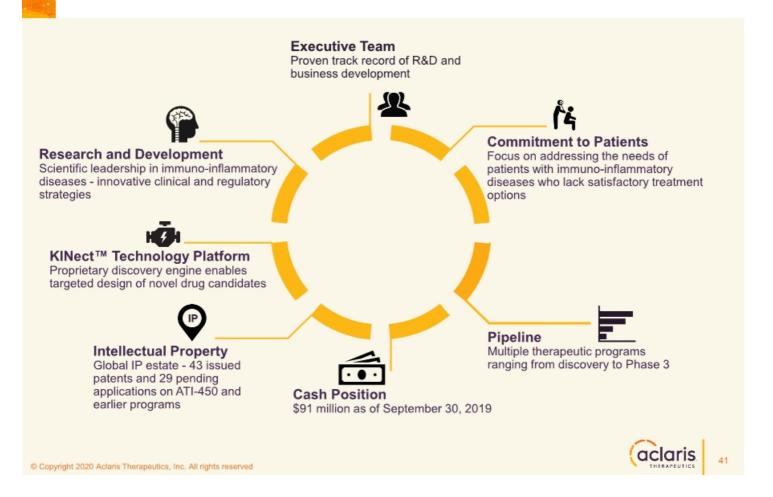


Co-Crystal Structure of ATI-2138/ITK





## **Biopharmaceutical Company**



Catalysts

Milestone	20	2019		2020		
Milestone	Q3 Q4		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
A-101 45% Common Warts						
Phase 3 Data (THWART-1, THWART-2)	v	1				
Immuno-Inflammatory						
ATI-450 (MK2 Inhibitor) - Initiate Phase 1 Trial	v	1				
ATI-450 (MK2 Inhibitor) - Phase 1 Data		v	/			
ATI-450 (MK2 Inhibitor) - Initiate Phase 2 Trial in Rheumatoid Arthritis						
ATI-450 (MK2 Inhibitor) - Phase 2 Data in RA						
ATI-1777 (Soft-JAK) – Submit IND						
ATI-1777 (Soft-JAK) – Initiate Phase 1/2 Trial						
ATI-2138 (ITK/JAK3) – Submit IND						
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