UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of
The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): May 27, 2020

Aclaris Therapeutics, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

<u>Delaware</u> (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 001-37581

(Commission File Number)

46-0571712 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

640 Lee Road, Suite 200 Wayne, PA 19087

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(484) 324-7933

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following

provisions:		
] Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the	Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)	
] Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exc	change Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)	
] Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14	4d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (1	7 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
] Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13	Be-4(c) under the Exchange Act (1	7 CFR 240.13e-4(c))
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:		
Title of Each Class:	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of Each Exchange on which Registered
Common Stock \$0.00001 par value	ACDS	The Nacdag Stock Market LLC

Common Stock, \$0.00001 par value	ACKS	THE Nasuay Stock Market, LLC	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging	g growth company as define	d in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405	of this

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company \square

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \square

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

On May 27, 2020, Aclaris Therapeutics, Inc. (the "Company") updated its company overview presentation, a copy of which is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K.

In accordance with General Instruction B.2. of Form 8-K, the information in this Item 7.01 and Exhibit 99.1 hereto shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "*Exchange Act*"), or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any of the Company's filings under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any incorporation language in such a filing, except as expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

Exhibit	T 1214 D
Number	Exhibit Description
99.1	Company Presentation.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Date: May 27, 2020

ACLARIS THERAPEUTICS, INC.

By: /s/ Frank Ruffo

Frank Ruffo

Chief Financial Officer



Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Any statements contained in this presentation that do not describe historical facts may constitute forward-looking statements as that term is defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements may be identified by words such as "believe," "expect," "may," "plan," "potential," "will," and similar expressions, and are based on Aclaris' current beliefs and expectations. These forward-looking statements include expectations regarding Aclaris' development of its drug candidates, including the timing for initiation and completion of clinical trials, the availability of data from these trials and the timing of its regulatory submissions related to these trials. These statements involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those reflected in such statements. Risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially include uncertainties inherent in the conduct of clinical trials, Aclaris' reliance on third parties over which it may not always have full control, the uncertainty regarding the COVID-19 pandemic including its impact on the timing of Aclaris' regulatory and research and development activities, and other risks and uncertainties that are described in the Risk Factors section of Aclaris' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019, Aclaris' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 and other filings Aclaris makes with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time. These documents are available under the "SEC filings" section of the Investors page of Aclaris' website at http://www.aclaristx.com. Any forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this presentation and are based on information available to Aclaris as of the date of this presentation, and Aclaris assumes no obligation to, and does not intend to, update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise

This presentation also contains estimates and other statistical data made by independent parties and by us relating to market size and other data about our industry. This data involves a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to such estimates. In addition, projections, assumptions and estimates of our future performance and the future performance of the markets in which we operate are necessarily subject to a high degree of uncertainty and risk.

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Strategy: Biotechnology company focused on developing small molecule therapeutics for immuno-inflammatory diseases



- Physician/Scientist founded and led
- World class ex-Pfizer kinase and ex-GSK immunology leadership
- Kinome experts skilled at developing kinase targeted medicines

KINect[™] PLATFORM Proprietary Discovery Engine

- Versatile platform
- Fully integrated discovery and development team
- Positioning small molecule drug candidates to parallel or exceed efficacy of high value biologics

INNOVATIVE PIPELINE

(investigational drug candidates

ATI-450 - MK2i

• Oral anti-TNFα, anti-IL1, anti-IL6

ATI-1777-Topical Soft-JAK1/3i

 Tissue specific therapy for the potential treatment of moderate-to-severe atopic dermatitis (AD)

ATI-2138 - ITK/TXK/JAK3i

 Oral dual inhibitor of T-cell and cytokine receptors



R&D Leadership Team Experienced team with deep scientific and operational experience

David Gordon

Chief Medical Officer

Former SVP, R&D at GSK.
Led discovery and development
teams in Immuno-Inflammation
and Dermatology leading to
multiple successful NDAs,
including NUCALA® &
BENLYSTA®

Joseph Monahan, PhD

Exec. VP R&D (Head of Discovery)

Former Executive Director, Pfizer Inflammation Research and Leader of Global Kinase Technology Team

>95 publications and patents (>30 total on kinases)

Walter Smith

SVP, R&D

Former VP Research & Global Head, Pfizer Inflammation, co-leader of Pfizer Licensing Team

Delivered 8 clinical candidates, 6 INDs and 1 NDA in inflammation and cancer

Jon Jacobsen, PhD VP, Chemistry

Former Research Fellow and Director, Pfizer Chemistry >100 publications and patents (15 total on kinases) Project Lead for PFE JAK

Program

Paul Changelian, PhD VP, Biology

Immunologist/drug discovery leader at pharma (Pfizer & biotech)

Validated JAK 1/3 as target for transplant/RA/psoriasis, leading to approval of XELJANZ®

David R Anderson, PhD

Sr. Director, Discovery, Early
Development

Former research project leader at Pfizer. Director of Chemistry at Mnemosyne, Luc, Cadent.

Inventor of 6 clinical candidates and author of 40 peer reviewed publications and patents

Gary DeCrescenzo

SVP, Pharm R&D

Former Exec. Director, Pfizer.
Site Head for Medicinal &
Structural Chemistry.
>100 patents.
Co-inventor of multiple drug
candidates

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Program	Indication(s)	Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3
ATI-450 MK2	Rheumatoid Arthritis				
Inhibitor Oral	Additional Immuno- inflammatory Indication			•	
ATI-1777 JAK1/JAK3 Inhibitor Soft Topical	Atopic Dermatitis (moderate-to-severe)				
ATI-2138 ITK/TXK/JAK3 Inhibitor Oral	Psoriasis, Inflammatory Bowel Disease				
JAK1/JAK3 Inhibitor Oral, gut-restricted	Inflammatory Bowel Disease				
ITK/TXK/JAK3 Inhibitor Oral, gut-restricted	Inflammatory Bowel Disease				
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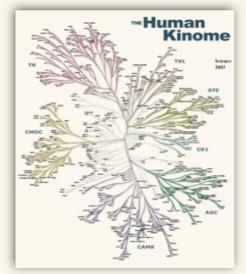


The Kinase Opportunity Creating New Medicines Targeting Previously Inaccessible Kinome Targets

Medically Important and Productive Target Class



Most Members of the Kinome Remain Unexplored



518 Members >90% of the Human Kinome remains undrugged

These drugs target less then 5% of the kinome

* Bologa C, et al. Unexplored opportunities in the druggable human genome. Nat Rev Drug Discov. 2018.
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Market Overview of Select Inflammatory Indications

	RA	Psoriasis	Ulcerative Colitis	Crohn's Disease	Atopic Dermatitis
	(moderate - severe)	(moderate - severe)	(moderate - severe)	(moderate - severe)	(moderate - severe)
2018E WW Sales ¹	~\$25B	~\$15B	~\$5B	~\$11B	~\$1B
Estimated Peak Market (WW) ²	~\$25-30B	~\$20-25B	~\$8-12B	~\$15B	~\$8-12B
Prevalent US Moderate/Severe Population ³	~1,000K+	~1,000-1,300K	~400-500K	~350-450K	~300-700K
Opportunity for New Treatments	Orals, Improved risk/benefit, novel mechanism	Oral, novel mechanism, improved safety	Gut-restricted (improved safety)	Gut-restricted (Improved safety)	Improved risk/benefit, topical in moderate to severe

^{*} Auster M, et al. Something Big Is Getting Bigger [research note]. New York, NY: Credit Suisse Equity Research; 2019.

1 Estimates of total sales per indication from EvaluatePharma.

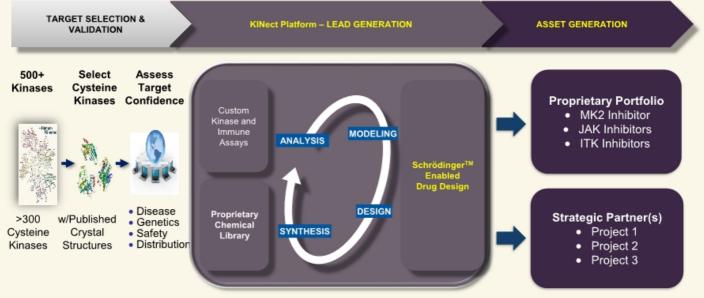
2 CS projections: based on US branded pricing.

3 Assumed peak treatable population with biologics/novel agents in the US: RA 350-400k / Psoriasis 300-350k / Ulcerative Colitis 225-275k / Crohn's 225-275k / Atopic Dermatitis 150-200k.





KINect Platform Developing Kinase Drug Candidates Rapidly & Efficiently



- Proprietary Library: High affinity/selective drug scaffolds
- · Faster Path: Decrease time to Lead Optimization by half or more
- Multiple Approaches: Design approach specific to each kinase





KINect™ Platform Demonstrated Success Reversible and Covalent

MK2 Inhibitor

Tissue Restricted JAK and ITK Inhibitors

Covalent ITK Inhibitors

- Oral anti-TNF, anti-IL1, and anti-IL6
- Novel approach for a difficult to target kinase
- ATI-450 Phase 1 clinical trial data available
- Potential approaches to achieve efficacy with improved safety
- Skin specific: Soft, topical drug for the potential treatment of moderate-tosevere AD
- Gut-restricted inhibitor: for the potential treatment for inflammatory bowel disease

- ITK T cell kinase inhibitors for autoimmune diseases
- Oral and topical covalent drug candidates developed
- ATI-2138 (Oral): IND enabling work

Unique Substrate Selective Drug Design

Tailoring physico-chemical and potency properties Covalent Inhibition: for difficult to target kinase



a





MK2 Inhibitor: Oral Small Molecule Inhibitor of TNFα, IL1, and IL6

- MK2* drives pro-inflammatory cytokine expression
- The effects of inhibiting MK2 mirror the effects of anti-inflammatory biologics¹
 - ✓ anti-TNFα: HUMIRA® (adalimumab), ENBREL® (etanercept), REMICADE® (infliximab)
 - ✓ anti-IL1: KINERET® (anakinra), ILARIS® (canakinumab), ARCALYST®
 (rilonacept)
 - ✓ anti-IL6: KEVZARA® (sarilumab), ACTEMRA® (tocilizumab)
 - ATI-450: Small molecule MK2 inhibitor
 - Potential alternative to injectable, anti-cytokine biologics and JAK inhibitors for immuno-inflammatory diseases

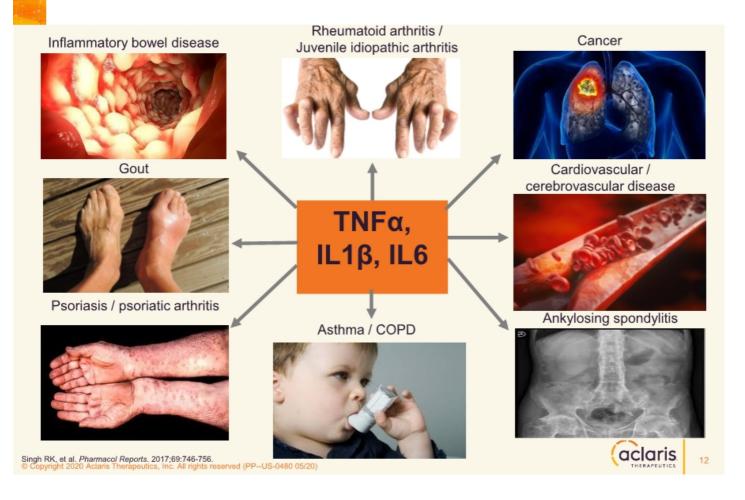
* MK2 = Mitogen-activated protein kinase-activated protein kinase 2 1 Data on file.

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MK2-driven Cytokines are Central to Many Diseases

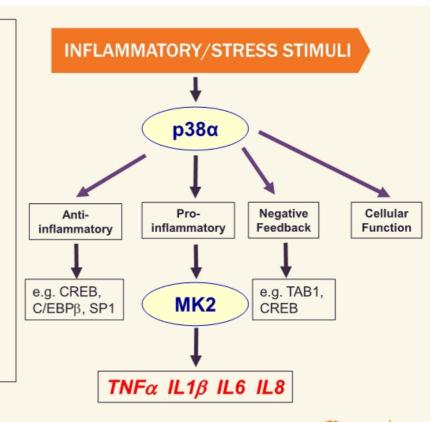


Evolution in Understanding of a Well-Known Path

The Path From p38α to MK2

p38α was initially targeted for suppressing TNFα and other proinflammatory cytokines

- Global p38α inhibitors have exhibited toxicity and/or lack of sustained efficacy in RA and IBD
- p38α phosphorylates over 60 substrates - yet MK2 drives the proinflammatory node of this pathway
- MK2 has been a high priority therapeutic target since 1999 but has proven very difficult to drug



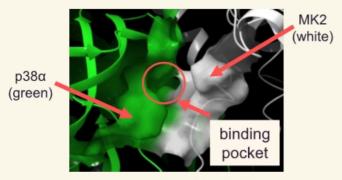
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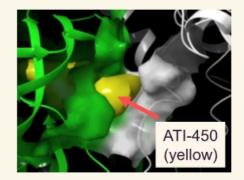


^{*} Wang C, et al. *J Exp Med.* 2018;215(5):1315-1325. * Cheung P, et al. *EMBO J.* 2003;22(21):5793-5805.

Muniyappa H, et al. Cell Signal. 2008;20(4):675–683.
 Ma W, et al. J Biol Chem. 2001;276(17):13664-13674.

Novel mechanism: Capturing MK2 in an Inactive State





Crystal structure of the p38α/MK2 complex

ATI-450 (yellow) docked in the pocket

- In the nucleus, inactive MK2 and p38α dock in a high affinity complex that exhibits a binding pocket formed by juxtaposed walls of both proteins
- ATI-450 binds to both walls of the pocket, stabilizing the complex and preventing MK2 activation

ATI-450 locks MK2 in a catalytically inactive state - a unique MOA

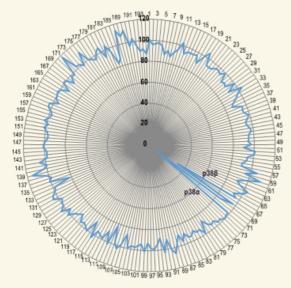
* Wang C, et al. J Exp Med. 2018;215(5):1315-1325.

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ATI-450 Selectivity

Human Kinome Selectivity¹



- ATI-450 (5μM) was tested vs 193 kinases
- >350-fold binding selectivity on all kinases in this panel except p38α and p38β

MK2 Pathway Selectivity

ATI-450 is highly selective for the p38/MK2 complex vs. other p38 substrates1

Assay	Fold Selective
p38α/MK2	1
p38α/ATF2	700
p38α/PRAK	750

ATI-450 binds to the p38α/MK2 complex with higher affinity than either p38 or MK2 alone**

Assay	Fold Selective
p38α/MK2	1
p38α/p38tide*	51
MK2/HSP27	>550



^{*} Optimized p38 peptide substrate ** Data on file.

¹ Wang C, et al. J Exp Med. 2018;215(5):1315-1325. reserved (PP--US-0480 05/20)



Animal Models Supporting the Development of ATI-450 in Immuno-Inflammatory Diseases

Therapeutic Area	Animal Model	Reference
Rheumatoid Arthritis / Psoriatic Arthritis	Rat streptococcal cell wall arthritis model Protection against bone deterioration Protection against lethality Inhibition of cellular IL1β mRNA stability & translation	Wang C, et al. <i>J Exp Med.</i> 2018;215(5):1315-1325.
Inflammatory Bowel Disease	Adoptive transfer mouse model of colitis Endoscopy scores show disease controlDecreased inflammatory infiltrateProtected structural integrity of mucosa	Strasser S, et al. Integrative Biology. 2019;11(7):301-314.
Cryopyrin- Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS)	Murine NOMID (severe form of CAPS) transgenic model Human CAPS PBMC* IL1β modulation	Wang C, et al. <i>J Exp Med.</i> 2018;215(5):1315-1325.

* PBMC = Peripheral blood mononuclear cells

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MK2 – Potential Effect in Rheumatoid Arthritis ATI-450 regulates cells and cytokines involved in RA

MK2 is a key regulator of pathogenic signals in chronic immuno-inflammatory diseases

Normal Joint Bone Pannus Osteociast Fibrobiast Macrophage Dendritic cell T cell Plasma cell B cell Extensive angiogenesis Mast cell Hyperplastic synovial lining

Strand V, et al. Nat Rev Drug Discov. 2007;6(Jan 2007):75-92.

Cells

Monocyte/Macrophage
Osteoclast
Epithelial Cells
RA Synovial Fibroblast
Chondrocytes

Cytokines

TNF α , IL1 β , IL1 α IL6, IL8, IL18, RANKL

ATI-450: for bold items above data on file and Wang C, et al. *J Exp Med*. 2018;215 (5):1315-1325.

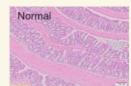


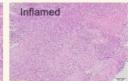
In vivo Preclinical Data of MK2 Pathway Inhibitor ATI-450

Joint Protection in Rat Arthritis Model¹

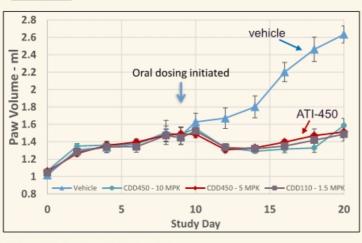
Normal Vehicle 450 (5 mpk)

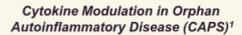
Blockade of Gut Inflammatory Infiltrate in Murine Adoptive Transfer Ulcerative Colitis Model²

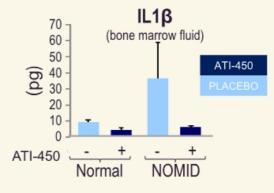














- 1 Wang C, et al. J Exp Med. 2018;215(5):1315-1325.
- 2 Strasser S, et al. Integrative Biology. 2019;11(7):301-314.

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Mouse Model: ATI-450 Inhibits RANKL-induced Osteoclastogenesis

Bone marrow derived macrophages (BMDM) from NOMID mice

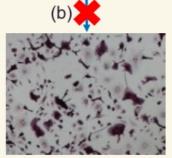
(a)

- In CAPS, osteoclastogenesis gives rise to low bone mass (osteopenia)
- (a) When bone marrow derived macrophages (BMDM) from NOMID mice are stimulated with RANKL (RANK ligand), they differentiate into osteoclasts
- (b) ATI-450 blocks this macrophage differentiation

NOMID BMDM Macrophages **RANKL** stimulation Osteoclasts







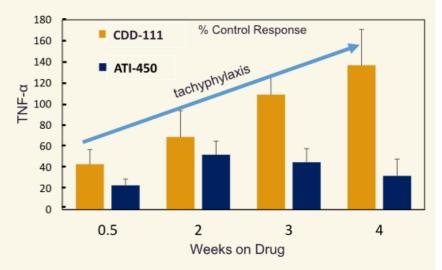
ATI-450 inhibits RANKL-stimulated macrophage differentiation into osteoclasts from NOMID mice

* Wang C, et al. J Exp Med. 2018;215(5):1315-1325.



Mouse Model: LPS-Induced TNFα Production ATI-450 demonstrated durable response (no tachyphylaxis)

- Global investigational p38 inhibitor CDD-111 lost inhibition over time
- MK2 inhibitor ATI-450 (investigational compound) demonstrated durable response (no tachyphylaxis)

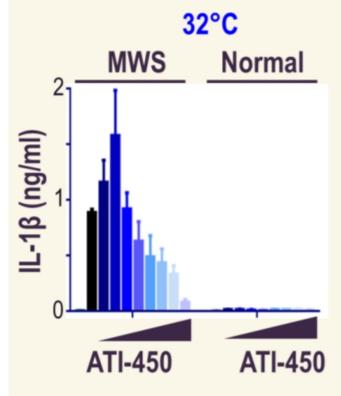


- CDD-111 and ATI-450 administered to mice in feed starting day 1 and continuing through day 28
- At the time point indicated, mice were LPS challenged and blood $TNF\alpha$ levels determined





Ex vivo Preclinical Data: ATI-450 Inhibits IL1β Expression in PBMCs from a Patient with CAPS

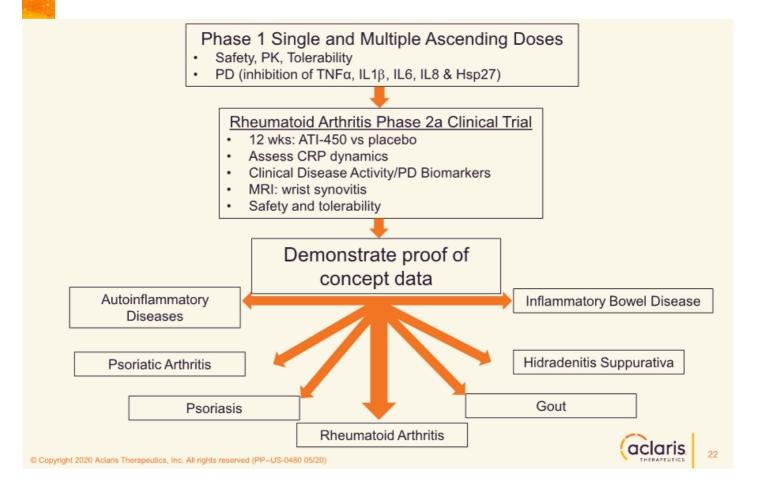


- Peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) were isolated from patients with CAPS and healthy controls.
- In patients with CAPS (Muckle Wells Syndrome; MWS), IL1β expression is triggered by exposure to low temperatures.
- PBMCs from patients with CAPS spontaneously produced high amounts of IL1β at 32°C but not at 37°C.
- ATI-450 blocks temperature stress induced IL1β production.

* Wang C, et al. J Exp Med. 2018;215(5):1315-1325.
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ATI-450 Clinical Development



ATI-450-PKPD-101 Trial Design and Demographics

- Three-Part Study:
 - ✓ Part A: single ascending dose (SAD) plus food effect (n=32)
 - 4 cohorts: 10mg, 30mg, 50mg, 100mg (100mg repeated with high fat meal)
 - · 8 subjects (6 active, 2 placebo). Single dose after overnight fast
 - ✓ Part B: multiple ascending dose (MAD) (n=30)
 - · 3 cohorts: 10mg, 30mg, 50mg all BID for 7 days
 - 10 subjects (8 active, 2 placebo)
 - ✓ Part C: methotrexate (MTX) drug-drug interaction (DDI) (n=15)
 - 1 cohort: MTX day 1 and 8. ATI-450 on days 2-9
 - · 15 subjects all dosed with active
- Demographics: (All dose groups, all parts)
 - ✓ Age: Mean 34 years✓ Gender: 44 female/33 male
 - ✓ Race: White-40, Black-32, Other-5



ATI-450-PKPD-101 Safety: ATI-450 Generally Well-Tolerated

Most Common Adverse Events (≥2 subjects in the trial)

SAD/MAD cohorts (blinded)

Preferred Term	ATI-450 n (%) (n=48)	Placebo n (%) (n=14)
Dizziness	6 (12.5)	0
Headache	10 (20.8)	2 (14.3)
Upper respiratory tract infection	3 (6.3)	1 (7.1)
Constipation	3 (6.3)	1 (7.1)
Nausea	2 (4.2)	1 (7.1)
Abdominal pain	2 (4.2)	0
Vomiting	0	2 (14.3)

DDI cohort (unblinded ATI-450 + MTX)

Preferred Term	ATI-450 n (%) (n=15)
Dizziness	7 (46.7)
Headache	1 (6.7)
Upper respiratory tract infection	1 (6.7)
Constipation	0
Nausea	0
Abdominal pain	0
Vomiting	0

- No serious adverse events or adverse events that led to discontinuation of study medication
- · All adverse events were mild in severity and did not interfere with everyday activities
- A trend of a decrease in absolute neutrophil count was observed
 - ✓ No correlation with clinical sequelae
 - √ This effect is consistent with the pharmacodynamic profile of certain anti-TNF therapies¹

* Data on file.

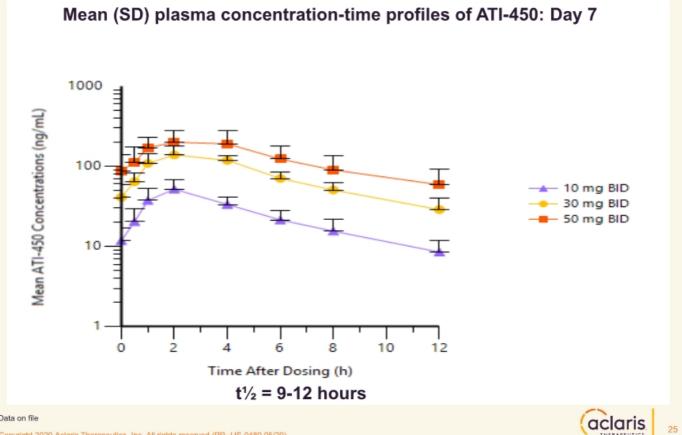


¹ Dillingh M, et al. Front. Immunol. 2016;7(508):1-9.

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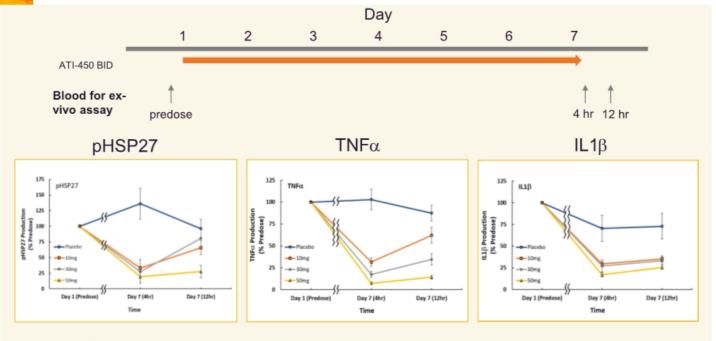
ATI-450-PKPD-101 MAD Pharmacokinetics: Dose Proportional PK

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ATI-450-PKPD-101: Day 7 MAD PD Marker Time Dependence

Target Biomarker pHSP27 and Cytokines TNF α and IL1 β



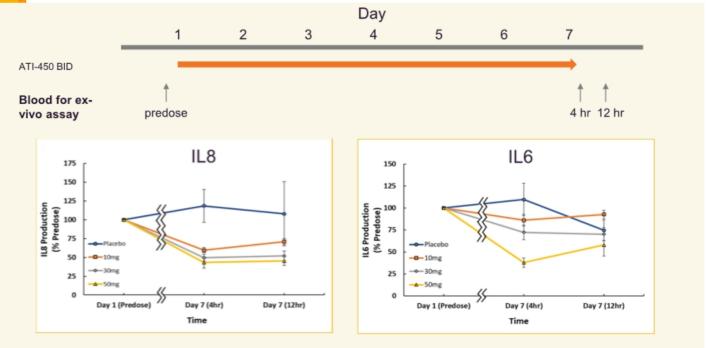
- · ATI-450 dosed orally BID for 7 days in healthy subjects at doses of 10mg, 30mg and 50mg
- Day 1 (predose) is from blood taken on day 1 just prior to the first dose of ATI-450
- Samples ex vivo stimulated with LPS
- · Data expressed as mean +/- SEM

* Data on file

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ATI-450-PKPD-101: Day 7 MAD PD Biomarker Time Dependence Cytokines IL6 and IL8



- ATI-450 dosed orally BID for 7 days in healthy subjects at doses of 10mg, 30mg and 50mg
- Day 1 (pre-dose) is from blood taken on day 1 just prior to the first dose of ATI-450
- · Samples ex vivo stimulated with LPS
- · Data expressed as mean +/- SEM

* Data on file

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ATI-450-PKPD-101 Multiples of Cytokine IC₈₀ Across Dosing Interval

The MAD 50mg BID cohort achieved systemic drug concentrations in excess of IC $_{80}$ for pHSP27, TNF α , IL1 β and IL8 at C $_{max}$ (3.5-6.0X) and C $_{trough}$ (1.4-2.4X).

Biomarker	*IC ₈₀ ng/ml	**C _{trough} Multiple of IC ₈₀	**C _{max} Multiple of IC ₈₀
pHSP27	36.7	2.4x	6.0x
$TNF\alpha$	62.6	1.4x	3.5x
IL1β	40.8	2.2x	5.4x
IL6	747.8	0.1x	0.3x
IL8	38.8	2.3x	5.6x

 $^{^*}IC_{80}$ values generated with all SAD/MAD exposure data using the E_{max} model in WinNonlin

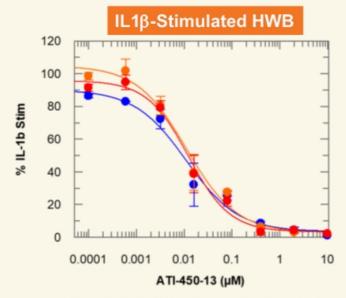
50 mg BID C_{trough} = 87.9 ng/ml 50 mg BID C_{max} = 215 ng/ml

* Data on file.



^{** 50} mg BID MAD Cohort

In Vitro Model: ATI-450 Inhibits IL1 β -Stimulated Cytokines in Human Whole Blood



Cytokine	IC ₈₀ (ng/ml)
TNFlpha	31 <u>+</u> 6
IL6	41 <u>+</u> 20
IL8	40 <u>+</u> 12

ATI-450 was added to freshly isolated human whole blood for 1 hr and stimulated with IL1 β (10 ng/ml) for 5 hrs. Cytokines were measured by Meso Scale Discovery technology.

* Data on file



MK2 inhibitor ATI-450 Summary

- Discovered a novel approach to drug the target
- Potential alternative for diseases treated by biologics and JAK inhibitors
 - ✓ Robust efficacy in a range of inflammation and mouse cancer models^{1,2}
- Phase 1 SAD/MAD Data*
 - ✓ Generally well-tolerated at all doses
 - ✓ Dose response noted
 - ✓ Potent target suppression: ATI-450 dosed at 50 mg BID drove plasma levels 1.4-2.4x greater than those required to hit an IC80 for 4 key biomarkers
- Phase 2a clinical trial in Rheumatoid Arthritis underway

1 Murali B, et al. Cancer Res. 2018;78(19):1-13. 2 Wang C, et al. J Exp Med. 2018;215(5):1315-1325.





ATI-1777 (Topical Soft-JAK Inhibitor)

(Investigational Drug Candidate)



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Atopic Dermatitis Opportunity

- Atopic dermatitis (AD) is a chronic, pruritic inflammatory skin condition1
 - ✓ The prevalence rate for AD in the US is 10-12% in children and 0.9% in adults²
 - ✓ Market projected to be \$8-12 billion at peak (moderate-to-severe AD)³
 - ✓ Systemic and topical JAK inhibition has demonstrated promising results in AD clinical trials4

Approach

- · Positioning:
 - · Comparable efficacy to other topical JAKs but "soft" drug to minimize the potential for systemic immunosuppression
 - JAK1/3 selective to minimize JAK2 inhibition toxicity
 - Deliver in a patient-friendly formulation
 - Moderate to severe patients

Status

- · Plan to study in patients with moderate-to-severe AD
- IND mid year
- Next key milestone: First In Human -2H2020

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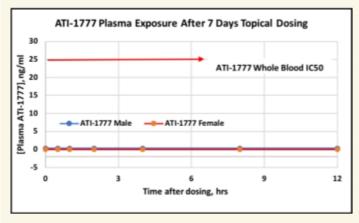


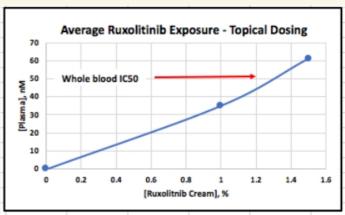
² https://emedicine.medscape.com/article/1049085-overview#a8. Last accessed 5-26-20.
3 Auster M, et al. Something Big Is Getting Bigger [research note]. Credit Suisse Equity Research; 2019.
4 Shreberk-Hassidim R, et al. J Am Acad Dermatol. 2017;Apr;76(4):745-753.

Minipig Model: ATI-1777 Nonclinical Safety Program TK Data

Tolerability/Toxicokinetic with 7-day dermal administration (non-GLP)

- No adverse effects noted (10% body surface area, QD)
- Bleeds at 0.5, 1, 2, 4, 8, 12, and 24 hours post-application: Days 1 and 6
- All plasma samples were below limit of quantification (<0.50 ng/mL) well below cellular IC50





MINIPIG1

HUMAN^{2,3}

1 Data on file

Chen X, et al. Clin Pharmacol Drug Dev. 2013;3(1):34–42.
 Punwani N, et al. Br J Dermatol. 2015;173:989–997.





Porcine Model: ATI-1777 Blocks IL15 Induced CCL8 mRNA in Skin



Apply formulation to back of pig, wait 1 hr

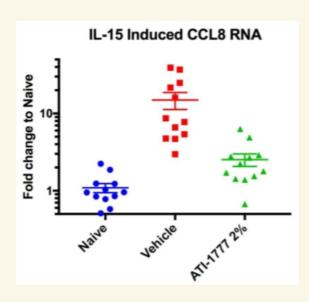


Intra-dermal Injection of porcine IL15, wait 3 hr



Harvest 6 mm biopsy, prepare RNA, measure CCL8 by qPCR





 Single application of 2% ATI-1777 development formulation significantly inhibits IL15 (JAK1/3) induced gene induction (CCL8).

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ATI-2138 (ITK/TXK/JAK3 Inhibitor)

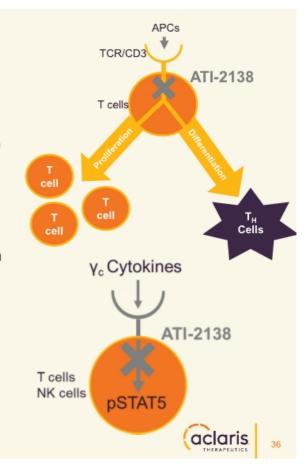
(Investigational Drug Candidate)



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ATI-2138: Covalent ITK/TXK/JAK3 (ITJ) Inhibitor

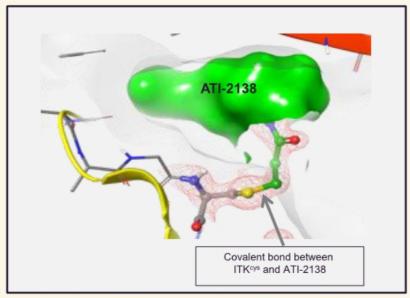
- ATI-2138 covalently blocks ITK/TXK/JAK3*
 - ✓ Potential for synergistic efficacy
 - ITK/TXK required for T-cell receptor (TCR) signaling
 - JAK3 required for γc cytokines (IL-2/4/7/9/15/21)
 - ✓ PD effects persist after plasma clearance
- ATI-2138 is selective for T-cell signaling
 - Drugs like cyclosporine (CsA) inhibit calcineurin which is widely expressed
 - ATI-2138 targets unique kinases expressed only in immune cells
- ATI-2138 may potentially treat any T-cell mediated autoimmune disease



* Data on file

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ATI-2138 is a Potent Covalent Inhibitor



Co-Crystal Structure of ATI-2138/ITK - shows ATI-2138 covalent binding to ITK

Cellular Inhibition of JAK and ITK/TXK

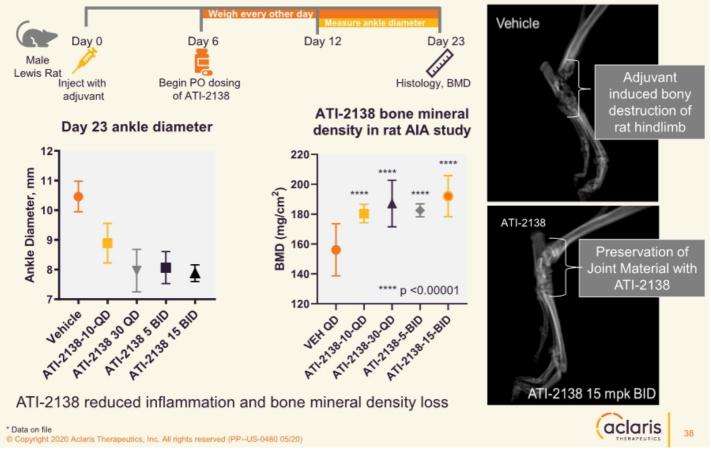
Assay Description	ATI-2138 IC ₅₀ (nM)	Assay		
ITK/TXK activity	7	Jurkat pPLCγ-1		
JAK1/3 activity	20	PBMC pSTAT-5		
Both ITK/TXK and JAK3	13	HWB αCD3/IL15 IFNγ		
BTK activity	52	Ramos pPLCγ-2		

ATI-2138 potently inhibits ITK/TXK and JAK3 in cells and in whole blood





Rat Adjuvant Induced Arthritis (AIA) Model: ATI-2138 Reduced Inflammation and Protected Bone



Biopharmaceutical Company



Catalysts

Milestone	2020				2021			
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q		
ATI-450 (MK2 Inhibitor)								
Phase 1 Data (SAD/MAD)	✓							
Initiate Phase 2a Trial in Rheumatoid Arthritis	✓							
ATI-1777 (Topical Soft-JAK Inhibitor)								
Submit IND								
Initiate Phase 1/2 Trial								
ATI-2138 (ITK/TXK/JAK3 Inhibitor)								
Submit IND								
Initiate Phase 1 Trial								
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